Program: Marie-Luise Hinrichs

G. B. Pergolesi Hildegard von Bingen Stabat mater* O Viridissima Virga* O Virga Ac Diadema* O Vis Aeternitatis*

* Arrangements for piano by M.-L. Hinrichs

Notes on the Music

Giovanni Battista Pergolesi: Stabat Mater

Giovanni Battista Pergolesi, 1710-1736, wrote his Stabat Mater through sickness during the last weeks of his life in Naples, Italy. Probably a Franciscan monk wrote the text in the 13th century. It is a heartfelt representation of the passion of Christ, in which the poet presents the sufferings and inner pain of Mary, who must witness the death of her son at the cross. The poet asks to be allowed, as well, to take part in Mary's pain.

At times the Stabat Mater was forbidden because of its language and its great emotional impact. But it fascinated other composers also, for example Josquin des Prez, Palestrina in the 16th century, Antonio Vivaldi, and Alessandro Scarlatti in the early 18th century.

The Stabat Mater was finally taken up again by Pope Benedict XIII in 1727 and sanctioned. Pergolesi's Stabat Mater became world famous, even being elaborated upon by J.S. Bach.

Pergolesi used the most modern and most emotionally expressive style which he knew - the language of opera. But he wrote it for a modest string section with basso continuo, one soprano solo voice and one alto solo voice. Pergolesi's greatest admirers were the French. This work moved them to tears and Jean-Jaques Rousseau called the beginning of the Stabat Mater "the most perfect and touching duet to come from the pen of any composer."

With chromatics, appoggiaturas and repeated trill, he underlined and interpreted the text. His Stabat Mater turns to our deepest feelings and awakens our most heartfelt empathy for the grieving mother of Jesus.

LATIN TEXT

ENGLISH TRANSLATION

Τ.

Stabat Mater dolorosa Luxta Crucem lacrimosa, Dum pendebat filius

The sorrowful mother stood in tears close to the cross, as her son was hanging there.

Cuius animam gementem Contristatam et dolentem Pertransivit gladius

Through Her Mourney
has passed the sword, Through her mourning soul sharing his sorrow and pain.

O quam tristis et afflicta O how sad and afflicted Fuit illa benedicta Mater unigeniti

was that blessed Mother of the only begotten son,

IV.

Quae moerebat et dolebat

who moaned and ached

Nati poenas incliti

V.

Matrem Christi si videret In tanto supplicio?

Et flagellis subditum.

VI.

Vidit suum dulcem natum She saw her sweet born Morientem desolatum, Dum emisit spiritum.

VII.
Eja mater, fons amoris,
Me sentire vim doloris,

VIII.

Et sibi complaceam!

ΤX

Sancta mater, istud agas, Holy Mother press deeply Crucifixi fige plagas Cordi meo valide!

Х.

Passionis fac sonsortem Et plagas recolere! bitter separation! Fac me plagis fulnerari,

Cruce hac inebriari

Ob amorem filii!

Make the wounds he suffered to set me on fire for the because of the love Ob amorem filii!

Et tremebat, dum videbat and trembled at the sight of her beloved.

Quis est homo, qui non fleret, Who is the man who would not weep if he saw the mother of Christ in so much torment? In tanto supplicio?

Quis non posset contristari,
piam matrem contemplari
Dolentem cum filio?

Pro peccatis suae gentis
Vidit lesum in tormentis

in so much torment?

Who would not be able to share the grief of this pius mother,
contemplating her suffering for her son?
She saw Jesus's torment,
thorns, mockery, flagellations

for the sins of his people.

dying desolately, Until he gave up his spirit.

Let o Mother, fountain of love, my heart turn tender from above, so I can feel your pain!

Fac, ut ardeat cor meum Set my heart on fire In amando Christum deum, to love Christ, our God, Set my heart on fire, as you have loved!

into my heart all wounds, Cordi meo valide!

Tui nati vulnerati

Tam dignati pro me pati,
poenas mecum divide!

Fac me vere tecum flere,

Tam truly cry with you,
mourn the cross,
as long as I live. which your son has suffered for me! Let me melt in repentance, Luxta crucem tecum stare

To stand with you at the cross
Te libenter sociare Te libenter sociare
In planctu desidero. that is what my heart
Virgo virginum praeclara, Virgin of all virgins,
Mihi non iam sis amara, look at me with love,
so I may share your grief! looking up incessantly that is what my heart desires.

Fac ut portem Christi mortem, May I feel the death and pain of Christ, as your mother's heart does: his martyrdom, anguish and

> to set me on fire for the cross, because of the love of the son!

XI.

Per te, virgo, sim defensus

Inflamed by holy fire,

Virgin be a limited. In die iudicii! Fac me cruce custodiri Morte Christi praemuniri, Confoveri gratia.

XII.

Quando corpus morietur, Fac, ut animae donetur Paradisi gloria! Amen!

Virgin, be my defender on Judgement Day! Make his cross to guard me, so his death will bless me, may his grace shine upon me.

When my body dies, make my soul to be lifted up into the glory of paradise! Amen!

Hildegard of Bingen

Hildegard of Bingen, who lived from 1098 â€" 17 to 1179, was a German Benedictine abbess, writer, composer, philosopher, Christian mystic, visionary, and polymath. She founded the monasteries of Rupertsberg in 1150 and Eibingen in 1165. She wrote theological, botanical, and medicinal texts, as well as letters, liturgical songs for female choirs to sing, and poems, while supervising miniature illuminations in the Rupertsberg manuscript of her first work, Scivias. There are more surviving chants by Hildegard than by any other composer from the entire Middle Ages, and she is one of the few known composers from the Middle Ages to have written both the music and the words. One of her works, the Ordo Virtutum, is an early example of liturgical drama, and arguably the oldest surviving morality play.

Marie-Luise Hinrichs Personal Biography

"My very first encounter with the piano took place when I was seven years old. A wondrous universe opened up in front of me. All about the piano was fascinating and sensuous: It sounded good, it smelled good, it felt good Pianist and composer Marie-Luise Hinrichs lives and teaches in Cologne, Germany, and performs internationally.

She received her first piano lessons at the age of seven from Marianne Haupt in Siegen. At the age of fourteen, Marie-Luise received a boost of encouragement when she was chosen to be the understudy for concert pianist Stephan Askenaze during rehearsals with orchestra for Mozart's C major concerto (KV 467), and at age seventeen, when her debut performance of the same concerto, conducted by Sygfried Fiedler, received critical acclaim.

Marie-Luise pursued further studies with Hubert Juhre in Essen, Yara Bernette at the Hamburg University of Music, Pavel Gililov at the Cologne University of Music and Renate Kretschmar-Fischer in Detmold.

After her graduation in 1997, Ms. Hinrichs became a sought-after and internationally acclaimed soloist. Her concert activities took her to the Amsterdam Concertgebouw, Sydney Town Hall, the Mostly Mozart Festival at Lincoln Center in New York, the Tanglewood Festival and the Chatelet and Theatre des Champs Elysees in Paris. She has toured through France, Spain, Norway, Ausralia, Syria, Lebanon, the United States, and Germany. Her EMI Classics CD of works by Mozart for two pianos, recorded with duo partner Christian Zacharias, was nominated for the 1998 Classical Cannes Award. She has performed with the Sudwestfunk Symphony Orchestra, the Bamberg Symphony

and the Moscow Virtuosi under such conductors as Emmanuel Krivine, Bernhard Klee and Vladimir Spivakov.

Ms. Hinrichs particularly favors the music of Spanish composer Antonio Soler, whose unique sonatas, with their roots in the folk music of Spain, are a mainstay of her solo repertoire. "I was 16 years old when I heard a Soler sonata in a church in Spain, performed by an Argentinian pianist. It was like a vision. I knew, very intensely, that I'd play this music later." Her recordings of Soler's sonatas, published by EMI Classics (now Warner Red Line Classics) and CPO, drew attention from beyond the borders of Germany and introduced Soler to new audiences.

In 2005, during a time period of extreme emotional pain, when she was searching for a role model and for spiritual healing, Marie-Luise discovered the life and work of medieval German saint Hildegard von Bingen (1098-1179). "I read the book 'Vision' and was captivated by it. I immediately bought the songs, and a new dimension of music opened up to me. The music has a healing effect... It is flowing, extremely free and natural... It encompasses the whole cosmos. It is like an echo of the cosmos - of the heavens and the stars here on our earth. Hildegard von Bingen said that she received her songs, images, and visions from God." Marie-Luise's CD "Vocation", featuring her own piano arrangements of Gregorian chants composed by Hildegard von Bingen, caused a sensation and was long in the European classical music charts in 2011. A documentary film portrait was also created about the development of this project. In 2019, Marie-Luise produced a sequel to "Vocation" entitled "Meditationen" which again showcases her arrangements of the music of Hildegard von Bingen. While working on the von Bingen project, a friend introduced Marie-Luise to the music of philosopher and composer George Gurdjieff. This was the beginning of a great fascination with music of the Orient, especially music by composers from Gurdjieff's home country of Armenia. Marie-Luise has since devoted several concerts and recordings to Oriental music.

Marie-Luise likes to contribute her musical talents toward helpful causes whenever possible. In 2011, she produced a benefit CD of gentle, calming pieces by the great composers, combined with traditional German folk songs of similar gentle character, for the Westfalisches Children's Hospital. All of the money earned from this CD goes to the hospital. In 2016, Marie-Luise organized a fundraising concert for her favorite animal shelter near her home, in which she performed her very own original compositions dedicated to animals. And Marie-Luise passes on all that she has learned through private lessons at her home.

Marie-Luise's stylistic voice is characterized by an extremely sensitive, gentle, calm, mellow, warm piano sound. She is especially drawn to sacred music as it reflects her own deep devotion to God. Ms. Hinrichs also loves to compose her own original music. She has independently published four CDs of original compositions on her own independent record label, Angels Records.

Marie-Luise is currently working on a book and about the life of Hildegard von Bingen, which will be illustrated with paintings by her sister, Marianne Levien, and will come with a new CD of Marie-Luise's piano arrangements of von Bingen's music.

"It is a great blessing to be able to express myself through music," says Marie-Luise.

"Dear Sylvia and Viktors,

First of all, I wanted to let you know that I'm very grateful to play the Stabat mater Concert as a streaming concert. Thank you so much! I would have been very sad if the concert had been cancelled. Thank you also to Peter

Stein, the director of the Papageno Musikschool, and Roman Michelfelder, the priest of the Evangelische Kirche (church) in Rondorf, for letting me use their beautiful church and piano. I am also grateful about my manager Orlando's support with the equipment and his help. Thank you, Orlando! And also, I am grateful to my niece, Linda Levien, for her help with the video camera. Thank you, Linda!

My relationship to the *Stabat mater* changed and developed a lot since my childhood and since I recorded a CD with my piano arrangement. I sang the piece together with my sister when I was a child, and was, even at that time, very impressed by the music and also by the emotional words.

Later, when I recorded the CD in 2016, it was like a new piece to me. While I was arranging the music for solo piano, I had periods of great enthusiasm for the work, yet then there were also days, when I couldn't even continue, because of a deep sadness that had seized me.

Now I still feel the sadness, but also the glory of paradise and the protection of the cross for all people.

The different voices in the music are more important to me now, and I try more to set off and emphasize these different voices.

And one advantage of the piano version is also to play as free as I feel the music. This is not possible for an orchestra (and a conductor)."

On Hildegard von Bingen:

"I had periods in my life where I was sick and depressed and nobody could help me. Then I read a book about Hildegard von Bingen and my life suddenly turned to a good life again. At once I bought a CD of Hildegard von Bingen and loved the music a lot. I started to play piano again and listened very often to Hildegard's music. At this point I wanted to play her music on the piano. So I arranged lots of her songs for piano, and every time when I work and sing and play her music, my life becomes better. I wanted to share this experience to the people, and this was also a great concern, to write and play more Hildegard songs.

I hope my concert gives you also peace and healing! Enjoy the music!"

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